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# Study of Osteoporotic Fractures (SOF)

## Study Collection Forms

### **Visit 5**

### **Dual X-ray Absorptiometry (DXA)**

Hip

Form Type: Documentation

#### **LEGEND:**

**Raw form variable** names are located next to the question they represent and do not have a border around the variable name.

**Calculated variable** names are derived from other variables and have a border around the variable name. The calculated variables names are located in close proximity to the questions from which they were derived.

Some of the questions and measurements on these forms are not being released, and therefore no variable name is provided for them.

## DXA Documentation

SOF began measuring dual x-ray absorptiometry (DXA) on participants at Visit 2 using Hologic QDR 1000 workstations at each of the 4 clinics. At Visit 2, hip and spine scans were performed on most of the participants. Any participant not scanned at Visit 2 was scanned at Visit 3 to complete the data and their data are included in Visit 2 data. At Visit 4, only hips were scanned on the entire cohort, and spine scans were performed on the bone loss cohort. Hips were scanned at all subsequent visits, including on the African American (AA) cohort starting at Visit 6. At Visit 4 whole body scans were performed on the body composition cohort, and at Visits 6 and 7 whole body scans were performed on the year 12 cohort using Hologic QDR 2000 workstations. Whole body change variables were not calculated between visits 4-6 or 4-7 because there is essentially no overlap between the cohorts.

Scans were performed and analyzed at each clinic. Review of scans was done at the UCSF Coordinating Center on random subsets of scans and on problematic scans identified (“flagged”) by technicians at the clinics. Some scans are deemed unacceptable and are not included in the data or are set to special missing value code “.W”.

At follow-up visits, positioning and analysis were matched to the Visit 2 scans, using the “compare” feature of the Hologic QDR. Generally, the right hip was scanned unless there was a fracture, implant, hardware or other problem preventing the right hip from being scanned, in which case the left hip was scanned. If during the study a different side was scanned, then scans at later visits were matched to the first scan of the new side. In addition to matching the follow-up scan to earlier scans, the earlier scans were re-analyzed by adjusting the regions-of-interest (ROI’s) or deleting bone to match the later scan so longitudinal change variables could be calculated. This results in multiple versions of visit scans. For example there are the original scan values for Visit 2, and also longitudinally-adjusted scan values, e.g. a Visit 4-adjusted Visit 2 scan value, a Visit 6-adjusted Visit 2 scan value, etc. The original unadjusted scan is used for cross-sectional data analysis, and the longitudinally-adjusted later visit versions are used for calculating change variables, and for repeated-measures data analysis.

Absolute and percent change variables are calculated using the (current visit – earlier longitudinally-adjusted visit), matching for side (hip scans) and scan mode. Change variables from non-matching sides or scan modes are also set to special missing value code “.W”. In general, change variables are only provided for hip BMD, total spine BMD, and total whole body BMD. The easiest way to calculate additional change variables is to calculate change for only participants with non-missing BMD change, so no checking for matching sides or modes is necessary. For example, to calculate absolute and percent change in total hip BMC between Visits 2 and 4, use the following SAS code:

```
if V42DTHD>.z then V42DTHC= V4THC-V2THC ;  
if V42DTHD>.z then V42PTHC= 100*(V4THC-V2THC )/V2THC ;
```

To calculate annualized change, simply divide by the number of years between scans, in this case with the variable V42HPYRS.

### PLEASE NOTE:

At Visits 6 and 7, hips of SOF participants at 2 of the clinics were measured on the QDR 2000 instead of the QDR 1000. Hip measurements between the QDR 1000 and 2000 are not comparable. We attempted to find a correction based on 20 or 30 people measured on both 1000 and 2000, but were unsuccessful.

Hips of all of the AA participants from the 2 clinics were measured on the QDR 2000, plus a handful from the other 2 clinics.

## DXA Documentation

WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND that analysis using data from these visits include QDR serial number (V#HPQDR) as a covariate (instead of clinic) when doing both cross-sectional AND longitudinal analyses by creating dummy variables using V#HPQDR.

IN ADDITION, WE RECOMMEND repeating analyses on QDR 1000 (serial numbers<1000) participants only by setting measurement values to missing for hips measured on QDR 2000 (serial numbers>2000).

This does NOT apply to whole body data since all whole body data were measured on the QDR 2000.

### General Naming Conventions:

There are 4 types of variables: cross-sectional visit, change, longitudinally-adjusted visit, change variables, and scan information variables. The variable name is a combination of 5 factors: current visit (V#<sub>c</sub> or AA); type of change variable (C); earlier visit (#<sub>e</sub>); scan type or region (S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub>); and type of measurement (M). See tables below for values of M and S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub>.

1. Cross-sectional variables are 5 character variable names. Current visit is identified by the first 2 characters, scan region in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> characters, and type of measurement in the 5<sup>th</sup> character.

V #<sub>c</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M            A A S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M  
----- or -----

2. Longitudinally-adjusted variables are 6 character variable names similar to cross-sectional variables with the earlier visit number at the end. Current visit is identified by the first 2 characters, scan region in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> characters, type of measurement in the 5<sup>th</sup> character, and earlier visit number in the 6<sup>th</sup> character.

V #<sub>c</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M #<sub>e</sub>            A A S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M #<sub>e</sub>  
----- or -----

3. Change variables are 7 character variable names. Current visit is identified by the first 2 characters, earlier visit is the 3<sup>rd</sup> character, type of change variable is the 4<sup>th</sup> character, scan region in the 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> characters, and type of measurement in the 7<sup>th</sup> character. The type of change variable C is either D for absolute change or P for percent change.

V #<sub>c</sub> #<sub>e</sub> C S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M            A A #<sub>e</sub> C S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> M  
----- or -----

Years between scans is named as follows using scan type for S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub> :

V #<sub>c</sub> #<sub>e</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> Y R S            A A #<sub>e</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> Y R S  
----- or -----

4. Scan information variables (hip side, scan date (days since enrolled), scan mode, and QDR serial number) are 7-8 character variable names. For cross-sectional variables, current visit is identified by the first 2 characters, scan type in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> characters, and SIDE, DAYS, MODE, QDR in the remaining characters. For longitudinally-adjusted variables, the 8<sup>th</sup> character is #<sub>e</sub>, preceded by and SID, DAY, MOD, QDR.

## DXA Documentation

V #<sub>c</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> X X X X                      A A S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> X X X X  
 \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

V #<sub>c</sub> S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> X X X #<sub>e</sub>                      A A S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub> X X X #<sub>e</sub>  
 \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

Take, for example, Total hip.

- a. The Visit 2 cross-sectional visit BMD is V2THD and BMC is V2THC. The Visit 4 cross-sectional visit BMD is V4THD.
- b. The Visit 2 BMD longitudinally-adjusted variable at Visit 4 (considered a Visit 4 variable) is V4THD2.
- c. Absolute change from Visit 2 to Visit 4 (considered a Visit 4 variable) is V42DTHD. Percent change from Visit 2 to Visit 4 is V42PTHD.
- d. A hip information variable for Visit 2 is V2HPSIDE, for Visit 4 is V4HPSIDE, and the Visit 2 longitudinally-adjusted side is V4HPSID2.

Type of measurement (M) abbreviations :

|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| A | Area                                |
| C | Bone Mineral Content (BMC)          |
| D | Bone Mineral Density (BMD=BMC/Area) |
| E | Fat Free Mass (FFM=BMC+Lean)        |
| F | Fat                                 |
| L | Lean                                |
| M | Mass                                |
| P | Percent fat                         |

Scan type and region (S<sub>1</sub> S<sub>2</sub>) abbreviations:

| Scan type |            | Region |                    |
|-----------|------------|--------|--------------------|
| HP        | Hip        | TH     | Total Hip          |
|           |            | FN     | Femoral Neck       |
|           |            | IT     | Intertrochanter    |
|           |            | TR     | Trochanter         |
|           |            | WD     | Wards              |
| SP        | Spine      | TL     | Total Lumbar Spine |
|           |            | L1     | L1                 |
|           |            | L2     | L2                 |
|           |            | L3     | L3                 |
|           |            | L4     | L4                 |
| WB        | Whole body | TB     | Total Whole body   |
|           |            | HD     | Head               |
|           |            | LA     | Left arm           |
|           |            | RA     | Right arm          |
|           |            | LR     | Left rib           |
|           |            | RR     | Right rib          |
|           |            | TS     | Thoracic spine     |
|           |            | LS     | Lumbar spine       |

## DXA Documentation

|  |  |    |           |
|--|--|----|-----------|
|  |  | TK | Trunk     |
|  |  | PE | Pelvic    |
|  |  | LL | Left leg  |
|  |  | RL | Right leg |

Scan mode coding:

| Scan mode |             |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1         | Pencil beam |
| 5         | Array       |

Hologic QDR Serial numbers

| Qdr Serial numbers |      |      |
|--------------------|------|------|
| Clinic             | 1000 | 2000 |
| 1                  | 100  | 2100 |
| 1                  | 100  | 2101 |
| 2                  | 200  | 2200 |
| 3                  | 300  | 2300 |
| 4                  | 400  | 2400 |

